

OIC/GA-IOFS/2016/POA

PLAN OF ACTION

OF

THE ISLAMIC ORGANIZATION FOR FOOD SECURITY
(IOFS)

ASTANA, REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN
26-28 APRIL 2016
19-21 JUMADA AL-AKHIR 1437H



Plan of Action
of the Islamic Organization for Food Security (IOFS)

I. Objectives

1. Overall objective is to contribute to ensuring the food security of member states.
2. Identification of underlying problems of the food insecurity and development of strategies and programmes to solve them.

II. Actions

№	Planned actions	Expected results
1.	To create the comprehensive database on the Internet-platform regarding all aspects of the food security with the capacity to enter data on monthly and quarterly basis.	The database for the monitoring state of food security in member states.
2.	To provide the detailed analysis of the food insecurity in member states. The analysis will identify the most vulnerable countries, regions, communities and will systemize all possible factors that impact negatively to the state of the food security in each member state.	Report on the state of the food security (regular, periodic).
3.	By results of the analysis to obtain the detailed information on opportunities of establishing mutually beneficial cooperation between member states that have financial resources and technologies and countries that have land, water and human resources.	Interregional/ intercountry agricultural integration within the OIC.
4.	To develop appropriate (regional and/or local) methods and instruments to ensure the food security, establish and/or enhance the resilience to natural and manmade disasters. These methods and instruments will consider needs and peculiarities of problems of local population and the locality. Also	Methods and instruments of increasing of the food security level.

	they will be addressed to early prevention and targeted to increase the absorptivity and resilience to possible consequences of distresses.	
5.	To elaborate individual recommendations on solving of problematic issues for each country. Recommendations may regard all aspects of the state activities that directly or indirectly cause impact the state of the food security. For example, recommendations may address the following intrastate issues: job creation; social maintenance of the population, especially children and women; provision of the access to the healthcare and education; provision of safe nutrition and drinking water; ensuring conditions for doing business; favorable investment climate; ensuring the ecological security; roads and transport communication; access to financial resources; etc.	Recommendations to member states.
6.	To develop a typical agriculture policy. The typical policy will envisage the adoption of measures on: - increase of investments to the agricultural infrastructure, - raising the productivity in livestock farming, poultry industry, fishery and crop production (soil improvement, increase of labor mechanization, training of qualified specialists, development of effective fertilizers subsidization programs, etc.); - introduction of efficient and modern production methods and technologies (modern irrigation technologies, achievements in the breeding, development of methods for improvement of food storage, modern processing technologies for meat, crops, fishery and poultry industry, etc.), - increase of financing of the R&D in the agriculture (livestock farming, poultry industry, fishery and crop production) by the state; - enhancing the access to financial and investment resources (introduction of equipment leasing and training of farmers on its application, introduction of insurance mechanisms of post-harvest losses and export credit to eliminate price explosion and lack of food, etc.); - and others.	The typical policy on development of the agriculture.

7.	To carry out the research of problems related to global climate change and the potential negative impact of these changes to the ecology (desertification, deforestation, soil salination) in member states. Under aegis of the IOFS to facilitate strengthening of the cooperation on issues of climate change and environment between regional and international agencies, also participation in development of monitoring tools of national and regional climate changes within the OIC.	Report on research of problems of global climate change (regular, periodic).
8.	To establish the Agricultural and Scientific-Research Fund to elaborate recommendations and to promote the application of progressive agriculture systems on productivity increase in livestock farming, poultry industry, fishery, crop production, also in land and water management, e.g. on development of climate resistant seeding cultures with the high immune system to temperature fluctuations and drought, etc.	Agricultural and Scientific-Research Fund
9.	To provide the secure sources of funding. In these purposes, to conduct works with member states, international and regional institutions, funds, organizations and private sector entities on establishment of partnerships to implement projects according to developed programs.	Agreements, memorandums on partnership and financing.
10.	To establish the network of regional food reserves.	Network of regional food reserves.
11.	To develop/review Regional Food Security Programs (FSP) and promote development of Country FSPs, also development of recommendations on them.	Regional and Country Food Security Programs.
12.	To establish the SME Agricultural Fund. This fund will develop SME involved in ensuring the food security. Also this fund will act as a Program administrator of regional funds and international financial institutions on micro financing in rural locations.	SME Agricultural Fund.
13.	To adopt the IOFS Investment Program. The IOFS Investment Program will determine investment projects within the mandate of the IOFS to be realized in member states and regions.	The IOFS Investment Program

III. The implementation mechanism

For the purpose of the implementation of the Plan of Action the following mechanism is agreed:

1. All identified programs/projects on food security in member states of the Organisation are implemented by the IOFS.
2. The IOFS Secretariat performs all necessary activities on preparation of projects for consideration, provides coordination with all stakeholders and submits proposals to the Executive Board of the IOFS.
3. The IOFS Executive Board:
 - i. considers and selects projects;
 - ii. submits them to approval of the IOFS General Assembly;
 - iii. performs fund mobilization and establishes partnerships for project implementation;
 - iv. supervises the project implementation;
 - v. undertakes other actions to implement projects.
4. Identified partnership and funding sources for the various programs and projects are Member States of IOFS, relevant OIC Institutions, Regional and International Development Partners, Private Sector and Philanthropists.
5. Timeframe for implementation of the Action Plan is 5 years;

**Astana,
28 April 2016**